Mining Stocks.—Prices for mining stocks, after touching a 1952 low point of  $99 \cdot 1$  in October, advanced to  $106 \cdot 0$  in January 1953 which subsequently proved to be the turning point for a decline that lowered the index to  $79 \cdot 9$  by December. Both golds and base metals shared in the recession but the latter group suffered the greater loss. After reaching a peak of  $180 \cdot 6$  in January 1953 as compared with  $166 \cdot 9$  in October 1952, the base metals index receded to  $131 \cdot 5$  by December. Over the same period, gold stocks series moved between  $69 \cdot 5$  for October 1952,  $73 \cdot 5$  for January, and  $57 \cdot 3$  for December. From the December 1953 level the total index increased  $26 \cdot 3$  p.c. to  $100 \cdot 9$  by December 1954. Golds advanced  $18 \cdot 0$  p.c. during this period to  $67 \cdot 6$ , and base metals moved up  $34 \cdot 8$  p.c. to  $177 \cdot 2$  p.c.

11.—Weighted Index Numbers of Prices of Mining Stocks, by Month, 1951-54
(1935-39=100)

Year and Month	Gold	Base Metals	Total	Year and Month	Gold	Base Metals	Total
1951				1953			
January	68-8	163.5	97-6	January	73.5	180-6	106-0
February	74.3	174-5	104 - 7	February	$72 \cdot 2$	174.3	103 - 2
March	71 - 2	166-7	100-3	March	70.1	174.0	101 - 7
April	66.8	165.3	96.7	April	$69 \cdot 2$	159.0	96-
May	$63 \cdot 7$	158-6	92.5	May	68.9	150.9	93.
une	$63 \cdot 7$	152 · 3	90-6	June	66.8	143.7	90 - 2
[uly	65 · 5	155-0	92.7	July	66.3	148.9	91 -
August	69 - 7	161.7	97 - 7	August	67 - 5	144.0	90-
September	73.7	173 · 6	104.0	September	62 - 5	136.3	85-
October	75.3	181 - 2	107 - 5	October	60 - 1	134.3	82 -
November	71.9	172.3	102-4	November	60 - 1	137-6	83 -
December	73·2	172-4	103 · 4	December	57.3	131 - 5	79-9
1952				1954			
January	72.0	177 - 7	104.2	January	60.3	131.2	81 -
ebruary	71.2	174.6	102.6	February	$62 \cdot 1$	132.0	83 -
farch	73-4	169-6	102.7	March	61.5	136.5	84 -
April	77-0	162 - 1	102-8	April	64 · 8	145.5	89 -
day	75-1	161-6	101 - 4	May	64 - 4	146.5	89 -
une	75.5	162.6	102.0	June	63 - 9	149.7	90 -
uly	76.6	176-6	107 - 0	July	64.9	154-0	92 -
August	77-6	184-9	110.2	August	67.8	159.2	95 -
eptember	74.4	180-2	106-6	September	68-3	160-8	96 -
October	69-5	166-9	99.1	October	66.2	161.0	95 -
November	71.1	168-8	100.8	November	65 - 6	168-7	97 -
December	73-2	172.5	103 - 4	December	67 - 6	177.2	100-

## Section 4.—Index Numbers of Bond Yields

The exceptional financial requirements of the war years 1914-18 turned the federal authorities to the domestic market, a field that had hitherto served mainly the needs of the provinces and municipalities. Historical records of long-term bond yields in the domestic market prior to 1914 are obtainable, therefore, from provincial and municipal sources only.

The growing importance of Federal Government financing in the domestic market since World War I made it advisable to publish the Government's index of long-term bond yields shown in Table 12. This series (1935-39=100) has been prepared from January 1937 on the basis of yield computed for a 15-year, 3-p.c. theoretical issue by the Bank of Canada.